# NEWSSONAS NEWSSONAS NEWSSONAS UNITION Ist & 2<sup>nd</sup> January, 2025 DAAY

# India Secures 14.3% of Global Remittances in 2024, highest share ever: World Bank

Remittances are financial transfers made by individuals working abroad to support their families in their home country.

### **Trend in Remittances flow**

- Top five recipients in 2024: India at \$129 billion (\$125 billion compared to 2023), Mexico, China, Philippines, and Pakistan, driven by recovery in job markets in high-income countries of OECD.
- > Remittances to Low- and Middle-Income Countries are projected to surge to \$685 billion in 2024, with 5.8% growth rate.
- China's share of global remittances dropped to 5.3% in 2024, its lowest share in two decades, due to reduced low-skilled emigration stemming from its rising economic prosperity and aging population.

### Factors responsible for High Remittances in India

- Scale of Migration: India has one of the largest diaspora populations in world, with over 18 million Indians living abroad as of 2023 (UN World migration Report 2024).
- > Shift in Destination Trends: Increasingly, Indian migrants are moving to high-income economies like US, UK, and Australia.
- Skilled and Unskilled Labor: Indian migrants range from highly skilled professionals (IT, healthcare) to semi-skilled and unskilled labourers.

### **Significance of High Remittances**

- > For Recipient Households: used for essential expenses like food, healthcare, and education, directly improving living standards.
- For Macro-economy: Major source of foreign exchange, reduced reliance on foreign aid, funding current account deficits and fiscal shortfalls etc.

# Ministry of Jal Shakti released Annual Ground Water Quality Report 2024

For the first time, this report **introduced Standard Operating Procedure for groundwater quality monitoring**, ensuring uniformity in data collection, analysis and interpretation.

### Status of Groundwater

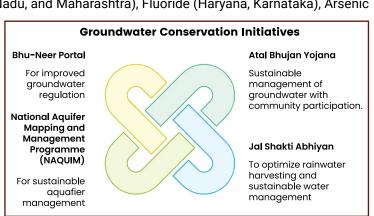
- > India is the largest groundwater user in world (more than 25% of global total).
- > 87% groundwater extracted is used in agricultural sector and about 11% in domestic sector.

### **Key Highlights**

- Regional Variability: 100% of water samples met BIS standards in Arunachal Pradesh, Mizoram, etc.
   While Rajasthan, Haryana, and Andhra Pradesh faced widespread contamination.
- Irrigation Suitability: Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Tripura and others have excellent category water for irrigation.
   Andhra Pradesh, Gujarat, Haryana etc. fall in very high sodium range and are unsuitable for use in irrigation practices.
- Specific Contaminants of Concern: Nitrate (Rajasthan, Tamil Nadu, and Maharashtra), Fluoride (Haryana, Karnataka), Arsenic (floodplains of Ganga and Brahmaputra rivers); Uranium (Rajasthan, Punjab).
  Groundwater Conservation Initiatives

### Key factors contributing to decline in groundwater quality

- Industrialization: Discharge of untreated industrial waste, including heavy metals, chemicals, and solvents.
- Agricultural Practices: Excessive use of fertilizers and pesticides in farming.
- Urbanization: Due to improper waste disposal, sewage leakage, and landfill contamination.
- Climate Change: Changes in precipitation patterns and overextraction affect replenishment of aquifers.





8468022022 ( www.visionias.in

# **QUAD (Quadrilateral Security Dialogue) marks 20 Years of Cooperation**

On the occasion, the foreign ministers of the QUAD countries reiterated their foundational commitment to humanitarian assistance and disaster relief.

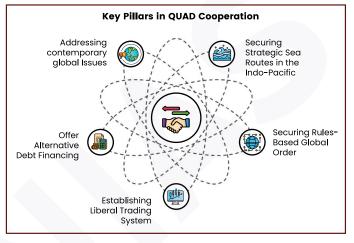
- Along with this, they also re-affirmed their commitment to free and open Indo-Pacific, ASEAN's centrality, support to Pacific-2 led regional architecture and Indian Ocean Rim Association (IORA).
  - Idea of ASEAN's (Association of Southeast Asian Nations) centrality accords central role to ASEAN in shaping the regional architecture.

### OUAD

- > About: It is a strategic diplomatic partnership between Australia, India, Japan, and the United States to support an open, stable and prosperous Indo-Pacific that is inclusive and resilient.
- **Origin:** Traced to **December 2004** when the above countries came together to provide assistance to countries affected by the Indian Ocean Tsunami.
  - Group held its **first informal meeting** on the sidelines of ASEAN € Regional Forum in Manila, Philippines in 2007. Post which, the grouping remained dissolved.
- Revival: In 2017, when the first official talks were held in Philippines.

### Significance of QUAD for India

- Partnership with like-minded countries: It allows India to shape the region favorably while retaining decisional autonomy and flexibility to partner with multiple actors.
- Strengthening India's stature: Help India establish itself as a 3 "leading power" and provider of public goods in the Indo-Pacificparticularly in the Indian Ocean region.



- Economic advantage: Make India a preferred destination for investment along with engaging with ASEAN countries.
- Strategically counter China's rise: By taking the support of the other Quad nations including assistance on the naval front. 2

# Cabinet approves extension of One-Time Special Package for Di-Ammonium Phosphate (DAP) beyond NBS Subsidy

Earlier in July 2024, the Cabinet approved a one-time Special Package on DAP to ensure availability of DAP at affordable price to farmers till Dec 31, 2024.

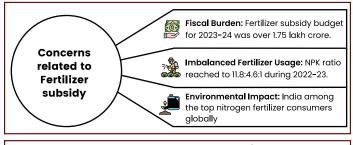
The current extension will apply from Jan 01, 2025 until further orders.

### About DAP

- It is one of the most widely used phosphorus fertilizer and a valuable source of both Phosphorus (P) and Nitrogen (N). > Phosphorus is essential for root development, flowering, and seed production, etc.
- It is made by reacting phosphoric acid with ammonia under controlled conditions.

### Fertilizer subsidy in India

- It is provided to fertilizer manufacturers, importers, farmers by the Government to ensure affordable input cost, boost agriculture productivity, etc. Some of them are:
  - Direct Benefit Transfer in Fertilizers: 100% subsidy on various fertilizer grades is released to the fertilizer companies, based on actual sales by Aadhar authentication.
  - Urea Subsidy: It is provided to the farmers at a statutorily € notified Maximum Retail Price (MRP).
    - Difference between the delivered cost of urea at farm gate and net market realization is given as a subsidy to the urea manufacturer/importer.
  - Nutrient Based Subsidy Policy: For Phosphatic and Potassic (P&K) Fertilizers, provides a fixed amount of subsidy on annual/semi-annual basis based on the nutrient content.



Recent Measures taken to control over-use of Fertiliser in India

- Neem-Coated Urea: Mandatory 100% neem-coating of Urea. > Nano Fertilizers: Introduction of Nano Urea by IFFCO.
- 3 PM
- PRANAM (Programme for Restoration, Awareness Generation, Nourishment, and Amelioration of Mother-Earth): For reducing the use of chemical fertilizers.
- Encouraging Alternative Fertilizers: Promotion of organic > fertilizers, bio-fertilizers, and natural farming, etc.

2/4



# Cabinet approves modifications in Crop Insurance Scheme under Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare

Decision included the continuation of the **Pradhan Mantri** Fasal Bima Yojana (PMFBY) and Restructured Weather Based Crop Insurance Scheme (RWBCIS).

### **Key Modifications approved**

- Continuation of the Scheme: Till 2025-26 with an outlay of Rs.69,515.71 Crore
- Large Scale Technology Infusion: Through the Fund for Innovation and Technology (FIAT) with a corpus of Rs.824.77 Crore.
  - To be utilised for funding technological initiatives under the scheme namely, YES-TECH, WINDS, etc.

### About PMFBY & RWBCIS

- Aim: Provide an affordable crop insurance product for comprehensive risk cover against all non-preventable natural risks from pre-sowing to post-harvest stage.
  - ● RWBCIS covers the insured farmers against loss from adverse weather conditions like rainfall, temperature, wind, humidity etc.
  - PMFBY and RWBCIS primarily differ in their methodology for calculation of admissible claims by farmers.
- **Coverage:** All farmers including sharecroppers and tenant farmers growing notified crops in the notified areas.
- Crops Covered: Food crops (Cereals, Millets and Pulses); Oilseeds; Annual Commercial / Annual Horticultural crops, etc.
- Risks Covered: Basic cover (risk of yield loss); add-on covers based on specific needs; Post harvest losses (maximum to 2 weeks after harvesting); localised calamities; etc.
- Premium Paid by farmers: Kharif crops (2%); Rabi Crops (1.5%); Commercial Horticulture crops (5%).
- Exclusions: Losses arising out of war and nuclear risks, and other preventable risks.

### Key Efforts towards Technology Adoption under the Scheme

- > National Crop Insurance Portal for better administration and coordination.
- Yield Estimation System based on Technology (YES-TECH) for direct estimation of yield at Gram Panchayat (GP) level
- Weather Information Network Data System (WINDS) for generation of long-term hyper-local weather data for Crop insurance.

   Implementation of WINDS to assist state governments will begin in 2024-25.

# Also in News



## Tobacco Board

On its formation day, Tobacco Board highlights that earnings of Flue-Cured Virginia (FCV) tobacco farmers have more than doubled between 2019-20 and 2023-24.

- FCV tobacco is a high-quality, aromatic tobacco variety widely used in production of cigarettes.
- Currently, India is 2<sup>nd</sup> largest producer of tobacco in world after China (4<sup>th</sup> in FCV).

## About Tobacco Board (HQ: Andhra Pradesh)

- Genesis: Established on 1<sup>st</sup> January 1976 by an Act of Parliament 'Tobacco Board Act, 1975'.
- Objective: Promote development of tobacco industry, including regulation of production, distribution, and export of FCV tobacco.
- Ministry: Department of Commerce, Ministry of Commerce and Industry.

# Ministry of Education releases Unified District Information System for Education Plus (UDISE+) 2023-24 Report on School Education

In UDISE+ 2023-24 for the first time, at national level individual student wise data has been collected from all recognized schools in country through UDISE+ since 2022-23.

It is aligned with recommendations of NEP 2020.

### Key findings of UDISE+ 2023-24

- Student Enrolments: Overall dip in school enrolments as well across country, falling from 25.18 crore in 2022-23 to 24.8 crore in 2023-24.
  - This represents a drop of about 1.55 crore students (nearly 6%) from 2018-19 to 2021-22.
- Dropouts: Zero-dropout rate at Foundational level (preprimary to Class 2) is due to admission of students from Anganwadi, standalone private pre-primary school directly to Class I in recognized schools.
  - Maximum dropout rates were at Secondary level (Classes 9 to 12).
  - Bihar, Uttar Pradesh and Maharashtra saw among highest drop in enrolments.
- Retention rate: Higher at elementary level.
- Gross Enrollment Ratio (GER): Minor dip at all levels except at the secondary level.
- School infrastructure: Assam, Odisha, and Karnataka face underutilised infrastructure due to low student-to-school ratios.

### About UDISE+

- UDISE+ system of online data collection from schools was developed by Department of School Education & Literacy in the 2018-19 to overcome the issues related to erstwhile practice of manual data filling in paper format.
- UDISE+ collects information through an online Data Collection Form on parameters ranging from school, Infrastructure, teachers, enrolments, examination results etc.



### Titanium

Recently, an Indian firm became India's first private company to commission a Vacuum Arc Remelting (VAR) furnace for producing aerospace-grade titanium alloy.

VAR is used to purify numerous alloys such as stainless steel, Nickelbased, and Titanium-based alloys under vacuum conditions to ensure superior metallurgical structure and uniform alloy composition.

### About Titanium

- > Appearance: Hard, shiny and strong metal.
- Ilmenite (Fe0.TiO2) and rutile (TiO2) are two chief minerals of titanium.
- Properties: Lightweight, low density, corrosion resistance, high melting point, etc.
- Uses: Medical Implants; Power plant condensers (resistance to corrosion in seawater); Aircrafts (alloying agent with metals including aluminium), etc.

3/4

### **VISIONIAS** INSPIRING INNOVATION



### Non- Performing Assets (NPAs)

As per RBI's Financial Stability Report December 2024, Gross NPA ratio of India's banks falls to a 12-year low of 2.6%.

### About NPAs

- It refers to a classification for loans or advances of a bank that are in default or arrears.
  - A loan is in arrears when principal or an interest payment are late or missed and becomes an NPA when interest and/ or instalment of principal remain overdue for more than 90 days.
- GNPAs are the sum of all loan assets that are classified as NPAs.

**Banana Cultivation** 

According to Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA), India has achieved a tenfold increase in banana exports over the past decade and aims to reach \$1 billion in the next 5 years.

### About Banana cultivation

- Climate: Tropical crop grows well in a temperature range of 15°C 35°C with relative humidity of 75-85%.
- Soil: Deep, rich loamy soil with pH between 6.5 7.5
- Should have good drainage, adequate fertility and moisture, should neither be too acidic or alkaline.
- Major varieties: Dwarf Cavendish, Robusta, Monthan, Poovan, Nendran, etc.
- Major producers: Andhra Pradesh, Maharashtra, Gujarat etc.



Scientists are deploying two underwater telescopes under Cubic Kilometre Neutrino Telescope (KM3NeT) to detect high-energy neutrinos (ghost particles).

- KM3NeT houses the next generation neutrino telescopes under Mediterranean Sea
  - Telescopes are similar to IceCube Neutrino Observatory, located in frozen ice of Antarctica.

#### About Neutrino

- Tiny particles, very similar to electrons, but without any electric charge.
- They are one of the fundamental subatomic particles in the universe, and quite numerous.
- Significance: Studying high energy neutrinos help in astrophysical investigations like exploring Milky Way Galaxy, cosmic ray, dark matter, etc.

### National Mission for Clean Ganga (NMCG)

🔇 8468022022 🌐 www.visionias.in

Executive Committee of NMCG has undertaken initiatives like Chandauli Sewage Treatment Plant for rejuvenation and cleanliness of Ganga River. **About NMCG** 

- Registered as a society in 2011 under Societies Registration Act 1860.
- > Functions under Ministry of Jal Shakti.
- Acted as implementation arm of National Ganga River Basin Authority (NGRBA).
   ORBA was constituted under EPA, 1986 and replaced by National
  - Ganga Council (chaired by Prime Minister) in 2016.
- Aims to ensure effective abatement of pollution, conservation and rejuvenation of River Ganga by adopting river basin approach.
- Consists two tier management structure and comprises Governing Council and Executive Committee, both headed by Director General, NMCG.

## Norovirus

US Centers for Disease Control and Prevention has reported significant surge in Norovirus cases.

### About Norovirus

- It is a highly contagious virus that causes gastroenteritis, commonly known as "stomach flu."
- Symptoms include nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, etc.
- Noroviruses are relatively resistant in environment as they can survive freezing as well as high temperatures (up to 60°C).
- Transmitted primarily through faecal-oral route, either by consumption of contaminated food or water, or by spreading directly from person to person.
- > There's no specific medication for norovirus.



### National Investigation Agency (NIA)

NIA achieves 100% conviction rate in 2024 by successfully solving major terrorism and criminal cases.

About NIA

- Set up as a Central Counter Terrorism Law Enforcement Agency under NIA Act, 2008 in the wake of the 26/11 Mumbai attacks.
- Headquarters: New Delhi with 2 Zonal offices at Guwahati & Jammu.
- Mandate: Investigate offences affecting sovereignty, security & integrity of India, friendly relations with foreign States, etc. specified in Schedule to NIA Act, 2008.

UNITED STATES

CUBA

HAITI

COLOMBIA

PUERTO RICO (U.S.)

PORT OF SPAIN \* AND TOBAGO

GUYANA

BRAZIL

SURINAME

FRENCH GUIANA (FRANCE)

4/4

### **Places in News**



### Trinidad & Tobago (Capital: Port of Spain)

Recently, Trinidad and Tobago declared a state of emergency due to violence.

### **Political Features**

AHMEDABAD

- Location: Island country of the south-eastern West Indies in the Atlantic Ocean.
  - It lies close to the continent of South America, northeast of Venezuela and northwest of Guyana.

     Member of the Caribbean Community (CARICOM)

### Geographical Features

- Mountain: Northern Range, a continuation of the coastal ranges of the Andes Mountains in Venezuela.
- Highest Point: Mount Aripo
- Lake: Pitch in Trinidad (world's largest natural reservoir of asphalt)
- Major rivers: Ortoire and Caroni

