10 New Agricultural Commodities added to the e-NAM (National Agricultural Market) Platform

With the addition of 10 new commodities (Chickpea Flour, Dried Tulsi Leaves, Dragon Fruit, etc) the number of commodities on e-NAM platform reaches 231.

➤ This decision would also help Farmer Producer Organisations (FPOs) market value-added products (e.g., Asafoetida, Roasted Chickpea Flour, etc).

About e-NAM

- ▶ e-NAM is a pan-India electronic trading portal which networks the existing APMC Mandis creating a unified national market for agricultural commodities.
- **Launched:** 2016.
- Implementing Agency: Small Farmers Agribusiness Consortium, under Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers' Welfare.
- It is not a parallel marketing platform but leverages the physical infrastructure of existing APMCs.
 - Agricultural Produce Market Committees (APMCs): Governed by the State APMC Acts, enacted under the Agricultural Produce Market Regulation Act, 1963, which varies across states.
- States to make 3 reforms in their APMC Act to integrate their mandis with e-NAM: Single trading license (Unified): Single point lawy of market fee: e-auct

license (Unified); Single point levy of market fee; e-auction/ e-trading as a mode of price discovery.

Advantages of e-NAM

- > Improves market access: By removing information asymmetry between buyers and sellers.
- > Real time price discovery: Based on actual demand and supply.
- **Transparency:** Auction process based on quality of produce with timely online payment.

Other Digital Marketing Initiatives in Agriculture

MANAGE-Centre for Innovation and Agripreneurship (CIA)

Digital marketing training to agri-startups

Digital Public Infrastructure (DPI) for Agriculture Offers market intelligence for

agriculture



Integrated Scheme for Agricultural Marketing schemes (AGMARKNET)

A G2C e-governance portal for agricultural marketing infrastructure

ITC e-Choupal

Facilitates direct farmer-to-consumer channels

Google scraps diversity-based hiring targets amidst review of its Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives

Recently, companies such as Meta, Amazon have been scaling back DEI initiatives.

What is meant by Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI) initiatives?

DEI is an umbrella term used to describe policies and initiatives that promote the representation and participation of different groups of individuals. E.g. Gender, Race, Sexual Orientation etc.

Significance of DEI at Workplace

- Non-discrimination: It is a fundamental human right essential for quality employment and worker welfare.
- Business development: It promotes creativity and innovation, broadens talent attraction and retention, increases employee engagement and enhances reputation.

Impact of scaling back of DEI initiatives

- Promotes inherent biases: Lack of DEI may result in homogenization of perspectives leading to biases. E.g. Algorithmic Biases in Al.
- Workplace discrimination: Employees may face discrimination in access to opportunities, promotion etc.

Initiatives promoting DEI

Principle 6 of 10 Principles of the UN Global Compact: Businesses should uphold the elimination of discrimination in respect of employment and occupation.

National workplace quotas/targets applied on gender and disability. E.g. Austria, Germany.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion (DEI)

A sense of belonging and respect for all. E.g. Involvement in Decision-making

Diversity

The presence and participation of individuals with varying backgrounds and perspectives, including those who have been traditionally underrepresented. E.g. Gender, race etc.

Equity

Equal access to opportunities and fair, just and impartial treatment. E.g. Fair compensation







Western disturbance triggers temperature drop across North India

Western Disturbances (WD) are low-pressure, non-monsoonal systems originating in the mid-latitude region bringing Winter Rainfall (locally called Mahawat) in India.

➤ The word 'disturbance' is used because air within low pressure systems (fronts, depressions and cyclones) tends to be unstable.

About Western Disturbances (WD)

- Origin: WD forms over Mediterranean Sea region due to interactions between contrasting air masses.
- Formation: A high-pressure area over Ukraine forces cold polar air to intrude into warmer zones, creating instability and triggering cyclogenesis, which leads to the formation of WD.
- Subtropical Westerly Jet: WD are embedded within the mid-latitude (Above 20° latitude) Subtropical Westerly Jet (SWJ), which guides their eastward movement.
 - The SWJ: It is a massive ribbon of fast-moving, high-altitude wind current flowing from west to east between 20° and 40° latitude in the upper

Moisture Sources: As these systems travel across West Asia, Iran, Afghanistan, and Pakistan, they pick up additional moisture from the Caspian Sea (north) and Persian Gulf (south) before reaching India.

necessary

moisture

Himalayan Obstruction: Upon reaching the Himalayas, the disturbances are obstructed, causing rainfall in the plains (Orographic rainfall) and snowfall in the western Himalayas.

Benefits of Western Disturbances Drought Winter Mitigation Rainfall Helps mitigate annual rainfall in water scarcity in pre-monsoon winter (May-June) **Glacier Crop Support** Replenishment Supports rabi Replenishes crops with

Provides 5-10% of

Himalayan glaciers for river flow

Study attributes India's Remarkable Tiger Recovery to Key Conservation Factors

Tigers, once eradicated from over 90% of their historic range are on their way to recovery with India holding ~75% of the global tiger population.

▶ In 2022, India had successfully doubled its tiger population (also known as the TX2 goal), thereby, achieving the Global Tiger Recovery Program's target, despite having some of the highest human densities.

Key Findings of the Study

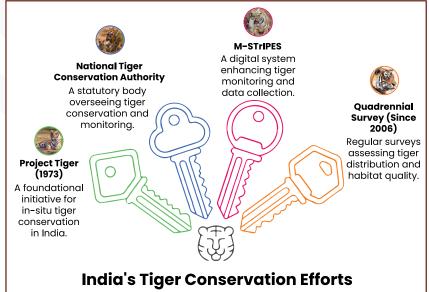
- Tiger-occupied areas increased: By 30% from 2006 to 2018, with colonization of over 40,000 km².
- Protected Areas: 85% of tiger-occupied grids were within protected areas.
- **Human-Tiger Coexistence:** 45% of tiger habitats are shared with about 60 million people.

Factors Behind Conservation Success

- Land Sparing and Land Sharing: A balanced approach combining protected, human-free areas and shared landscapes with local communities.
- Stability: It fostered wildlife conservation, evidenced by tiger recovery in reserves post-conflict control. E.g., Nagarjunsagar-Srisailam, Amrabad, and Similipal.
- Community Attitudes: Not simply less human density but community tolerance to large carnivores led to Tiger recovery. E.g., Recovery was seen in Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, and Karnataka.

Significance of Tiger Population Increase

- Tigers acting as **flagship and umbrella species**, benefits other megafauna and ecosystems.
- Contributes to carbon sequestration and biotic resistance to invasive species.









USA President signs an executive order sanctioning International Criminal Court (ICC)

The order imposes financial and visa restrictions on individuals and their families who assist in ICC investigations of American citizens or allies such as Israel.

International Criminal Court (Headquarter: Hague, Netherlands)

- It is the world's first permanent international criminal court.
- Founding Treaty: Rome Statute (adopted in 1998 entered into force in 2002).
- Type of Crimes dealt: Genocide, War Crimes, Crimes against Humanity & Crime of Aggression.
- Membership: 125 countries
 - the Rome Statute.
- Management: The Assembly of States Parties is the Court's management oversight and legislative body.
 - ⊕ It is composed of representatives of the States which have ratified or acceded to Rome Statute.
- Official languages: English, French, Arabic, Chinese, Russian and Spanish.

Structural Issues in functioning of ICC

- High dependence on state cooperation as it lacks executive power for arrests and evidence collection.
- Political Pressure: It often gets caught between power politics and human rights and is often used by some States for targeting opponents.

How International Court of Justice (ICJ) is different from ICC?

- ICJ was established in 1945 as the UN's principal judicial organ to resolve disputes between states.
- It has basically two roles:
 - disputes between States submitted to it by them.
 - Gives advisory opinions on legal matters referred to it by duly authorized United Nations organs and specialized agencies.

India's gold investments surge 60% to Rs 1.5 lakh crore in 2024: World Gold Council Report

The report highlights that increased investment in India and China offset the slowdown in Europe and the US.

Key highlights of the Report

- Global demand: It grew by 25% whereas investment demand increased by 29% (2023).
- Global Supply: It increased by 1% mainly on account of mine production and recycling.
- Outlook for 2025: Central banks and Gold Exchange Traded Funds are likely to drive demand.
- India: RBI added 73 tonnes of gold to its forex reserves, raising gold's share to a record 11%.

Reasons for increase in Gold demand in India

- Symbol of wealth & status: Gold is integral to rituals and traditions E.g. Sacred in Hindu & Jain traditions.
- Investment & Security: It is valued for portability, especially in rural areas.
- Weddings: 50% of annual gold demand comes from marriagerelated purchases.

Status of Gold Resource

- India: Largest resources in terms of gold ore (primary) are located in Bihar (44%) followed by Rajasthan (25%), Karnataka (21%), West Bengal & Andhra Pradesh (3% each) and Jharkhand (2%).(Ministry of Mines,2022).
- Global: Major holders of Gold reserves include USA> Germany> Italy>France>China>Switzerland>India>Japan
- > Top exporters: Germany > European Union > Switzerland > United States > Japan (World Integrated Trade Solution, 2023).

World Gold Council (WGC)

- Founded in 1987 by leading gold mining companies.
- Objective: promote gold as a strategic asset and advance a responsible, transparent, and accessible gold supply chain.
- Membership: 32 with operations in more than 45+ countries.
- Headquarters: London, UK.



Also In News



Marsupials

Scientists have successfully produced 1st kangaroo embryos using in vitro fertilisation (IVF) technology which is expected to help protect marsupial species.

About Marsupials

- Marsupials are a group of mammals with over 330 species.
- Examples: Koalas, Bandicoots, Wombats, Wallabies, Possums etc.
- They are considered a crucial evidence of Continental Drift Theory.
 - Earlier they lived in North America and then migrated to South America, Antarctica, and Australia due to continental drift.
- They generally have a pouch that is used for housing and nourishing the baby which is born pre-mature due to their short-lived placenta.
 - Not all marsupials have pouches.
- Distribution: Around 2/3rd live in Australia whereas 1/3rd live in South America.



La Niña

January 2025 was the warmest January on record despite the development of La Niña.

About La Niña

- La Niña (Little Girl in Spanish) is a climate pattern which is opposite to El Niño.
- In La Niña, the Tropical Pacific Trade Winds become very strong resulting in abnormal accumulation of cold water in the central and eastern Pacific Ocean.
- La Nina impact on Indian Climate
 - Normal to above-normal rainfall during southwest monsoon throughout India.
 - Below-normal temperatures during winters.









Crustaceans

Recently, a new water flea species (a crustacean) of genus Bryospilus (Indobryospilus) bharaticus has been found in Korigad Fort near Pune. **About Crustaceans**

- These are mostly aquatic arthropods with gills for respiration.
- **Examples:** Crabs, shrimps, lobsters, crayfish, woodlice etc.
- Body Segmentation: It is divided into head, thorax, and abdomen.
- Habitats: Primarily aquatic, with some semiterrestrial and terrestrial species.
- **Ecological Role:** Plays Key role in marine food webs linking phytoplankton to fish and whales and also aids in nutrient recycling. ● For e.g: Diatoms-Crustaceans-Herrings.



Shatavari

The Ministry of AYUSH has launched a campaign titled "Shatavari -For Better Health" to increase awareness about Shatavari's health benefits. About Shatavari (Asparagus racemosus)

- Shatavari, meaning "curer of a hundred diseases".
- It is a medicinal woody climber growing to 1-2 m in height.
- Uses: Dried roots, leaves are used as a drug in Ayurvedic medicine.
- Habitat: Low altitudes in shade and in tropical climates. O It is spread across Asia, Australia and Africa.
- Health Benefits: Improves female reproductive health, hormonal balance, ulcer healing effect, promotes vitality and longevity, imparts immunity, treating nervous disorders etc.



Quipu Superstructure

Astronomers identified the largest known structure in the universe, named Quipu.

About Quipu Superstructure

- This superstructure has mass of 200 quadrillion solar masses and stretches over 1.3 billion light-years.
- Superstructures: Extremely large structures containing groups of galaxy clusters and superclusters.

Effects of Superstructures:

- Cosmic Microwave Background (CMB): Superstructures cause fluctuations in the CMB (relic radiation from Big Bang).
- Hubble Constant: Superstructures distort accurate measurements of the Universe's expansion rate.
- Distort sky images due to gravitational lensing (GL).
 - GL occurs when a massive object, like a superstructure, bends light from background sources.



Pinaka Multiple Rocket Launch System (MRLS)

Defence Ministry signed contracts worth ₹10,147 crore for ammunition procurement for the Pinaka MRLS

Pinaka MRLS

- Developed by: Defence Research and Development Organisation (DRDO).
- Type: Pinaka is a "multi-barrel rocket launcher"; Launches 12 rockets in 44 seconds.
- Capability: Offers extended-range precision strikes for artillery operations.
- Range: Pinaka Mk-II rocket has 60 km range.
- Significance: Modernises Artillery Rocket Regiments, enhancing long-range strike capability and battlefield effectiveness.
- **Export:** Armenia became the first export customer for the Pinaka.



United Nations Human Rights Council (UNHRC)

Israel follows U.S. in withdrawing from UNHRC, citing bias against Israel. **About UNHRC**

- Intergovernmental body of the United Nations for human rights discussions.
- **Headquarters:** Geneva, Switzerland.
- Mandate: Promote universal respect for human rights & address violations.
- Established: 2006, replacing the Commission on Human Rights (1946-2006).
- Composition: 47 Member States, elected by the UN General Assembly for 3-year terms. Geographical representation ensures balanced distribution.
- Universal Periodic Review (UPR) Reports: Assess the human rights records of all UN member states.



Atacama Desert

Light pollution threatens the world's largest telescope in Atacama Desert. About Atacama Desert (Northern Chile, South America).

- It is located between the Andes Mountains and Pacific Ocean.
- Features: It includes salt pans, alluvial fans, dunes, and volcanic cones.
- Climate & Environment: It is one of the driest places on Earth.
- Reason for Aridity: It is caused by Humboldt Current (cold ocean current) flowing off the Pacific Coast.
- Importance: It supports astronomical observations due to clear skies.

Place in News



Greece (Capital: Athens)

Spate of Earthquakes have recently occurred in Greece's island of Santorini. **Political Features**

- Location: southernmost of the countries of the Balkan Peninsula.
- Bordering Nations: Albania, North Macedonia, Bulgaria, and Turkey.
- Bordering water bodies: The Aegean Sea (East), Mediterranean Sea (South), and Ionian Sea (West). **Geographical Features**
- Mountains: Píndos Mountains (central mountain range forming the core of mainland Greece).
- Highest Point: Mount Olympus.
- Climate: Mediterranean climate.
- Other Features:
 - Isthmus of Corinth (Connects the Pelopónnisos to mainland Greece), Thermopýles (A narrow coastal pass in central Greece) etc.
 - Orete: The largest Greek island.





























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